

**SGH ICE**

ARSN 118 533 458

**Annual report**

**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

# SGH ICE

ARSN 118 533 458

## Annual report For the year ended 30 June 2020

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This annual report covers SGH ICE as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of SGH ICE is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Level 1, 575 Bourke Street,  
Melbourne, VIC 3000.

## Directors' report

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of SGH ICE (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020.

### Principal activities

The Fund invests in a portfolio of 30 - 50 securities that are listed, or due to be listed within the next 12 months, on a recognised stock exchange in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

Service	Provider
Responsible Entity	Equity Trustees Limited
Investment Manager	SG Hiscock & Company Limited
Administrator	Mainstream Fund Services Pty Ltd
Custodian	State Street Australia Limited
Statutory Auditor	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited during or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Ian C Westley	(resigned 3 July 2020)
Michael J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 September 2020)

### Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund's performance was -0.80% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2020. The Fund's benchmark, the S&P/ASX 300 Accumulation Index, returned -7.61% for the same period.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Operating profit/(loss) for the year (\$'000)	(7,829)	(2,302)
<b>Distributions - Class A</b>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	4,350	42,167
Distributions (cents per unit)	1.76	15.36
<b>Distributions - Class B</b>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	818	7,417
Distributions (cents per unit)	1.76	15.36
<b>Distributions - Class SGH ICE Professional Investor Fund</b>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	227	1,976
Distributions (cents per unit)	1.76	15.36

## Directors' report (continued)

### Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Ian C Westley resigned as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 3 July 2020.

Harvey H Kalman resigned as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 1 September 2020.

Russell W Beasley was appointed as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 1 September 2020.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- i. the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
- ii. the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- iii. the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

### COVID-19 Outbreak

In March 2020, the World Health Organisation (WHO) officially declared COVID-19 a pandemic.

The Directors and the Investment Manager acknowledge the current outbreak of COVID-19 and the increased market volatility it has created within the markets the Fund operates. This volatility has had a corresponding impact on the fair value of the Fund's investment portfolio both during the financial year as well as subsequent to the reporting date.

The Responsible Entity and Investment Manager are monitoring developments closely, noting that given the nature of the outbreak and the ongoing developments, there is a high degree of uncertainty and therefore it is not possible at this time to predict the extent and nature of the overall future impact on the Fund. The Investment Manager however, actively manages the financial risks that the Fund is exposed to, with the approach outlined further within Note 3 of these Financial Statements and the Net Asset Values of the Fund continue to be valued in accordance with the frequency set out in the Fund's Offer Documents, applying valuation policies reflective of the prevailing market conditions.

### Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of Equity Trustees Limited. So long as the officers of Equity Trustees Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

### Indemnification of auditor

The auditor of the Fund is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

### Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

### Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

**Directors' report (continued)**

**Interests in the Fund (continued)**

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

**Environmental regulation**

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

**Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars**

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

**Auditor's independence declaration**

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
10 September 2020

10 September 2020

The Board of Directors  
Equity Trustees Limited  
Level 1, 575 Bourke Street  
MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Board Members,

### **Independence Declaration – SGH ICE**

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the Directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity, regarding the financial report of SGH ICE (the "Fund").

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours faithfully

*Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu*

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Chester Hii  
Partner  
Chartered Accountants

Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended	
		30 June 2020	30 June 2019
		\$'000	\$'000
	Note		
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		595	1,502
Dividend and distribution income		11,807	20,464
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		(43)	-
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	(10,026)	(13,402)
Other income		7	43
<b>Total investment income/(loss)</b>		<u>2,340</u>	<u>8,607</u>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Management costs		7,308	8,595
Withholding taxes		194	389
Transaction costs		2,667	1,925
<b>Total expenses</b>		<u>10,169</u>	<u>10,909</u>
<b>Operating profit/(loss) for the year</b>		<u>(7,829)</u>	<u>(2,302)</u>
<b>Finance costs attributable to unit holders</b>			
Distributions to unit holders	8	(5,395)	(51,560)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders	7	13,224	53,862
<b>Profit/(loss) for the year</b>		-	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

	Note	As at	
		30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	68,624	102,253
Receivables	11	1,204	1,402
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		-	2,956
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	507,177	596,806
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>577,005</b>	<b>703,417</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	8	1,392	43,591
Payables	12	1,881	755
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		-	2,767
<b>Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unit holders)</b>		<b>3,273</b>	<b>47,113</b>
<b>Net assets attributable to unit holders – liability</b>	7	<b>573,732</b>	<b>656,304</b>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



**Statement of changes in equity**

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the financial year*</b>	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	-	-
<b>Total equity at the end of the financial year *</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

\*Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the start or end of the financial year.

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Statement of cash flows**

		Year ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2020	2019
		\$'000	\$'000
	Note		
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		588,934	404,475
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(509,142)	(404,645)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		(30)	(4)
Interest income received from financial assets at amortised cost		674	1,528
Dividends and distributions received		11,564	20,703
Other income received		7	43
Management costs paid		(6,182)	(8,587)
Other expenses paid		(2,499)	(2,008)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	10(a)	<u>83,326</u>	<u>11,505</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		85,374	135,155
Payments for redemptions by unit holders		(161,357)	(163,228)
Distributions paid to unit holders		(40,959)	(35,557)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</b>		<u>(116,942)</u>	<u>(63,630)</u>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>(33,616)</b>	<b>(52,125)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		102,253	154,374
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(13)	4
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	9	<u>68,624</u>	<u>102,253</u>
Non-cash operating and financing activities	10(b)	6,635	6,313

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## **Notes to the financial statements**

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## 1. General information

These financial statements cover SGH ICE (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 7 February 2006 and will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The Fund invests in a portfolio of 30 - 50 securities that are listed, or due to be listed within the next 12 months, on a recognised stock exchange in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

### a. Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities and net assets attributable to unit holders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unit holders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unit holders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

### i. Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

### ii. New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

### iii. New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2020 and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements.

None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### b. Financial instruments

#### i. Classification

- Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its financial assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of these assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

- Financial liabilities

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (due to brokers, distributions payable and management costs payable).

#### ii. Recognition and derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### iii. Measurement

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset and a financial liability at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 4 to the financial statements.

- Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables are carried at amortised cost.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### iv. Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets at amortised cost (cash, due from broker and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The expected credit loss (ECL) approach is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

### v. Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting period, there are no financial assets or liabilities offset or with the right to offset in the statement of financial position.

### c. Net assets attributable to unit holders

Units are redeemable at the unit holders' option; however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unit holders.

The units are classified as financial liabilities as the Fund is required to distribute its distributable income in accordance with the Funds' Constitution.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to unit holders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

### d. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

### e. Investment income

#### i. Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating the interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### ii. Dividends and distributions

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the statement of comprehensive income.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlement basis.

### f. Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

### g. Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it distributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unit holders on present entitlement basis.

The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income or gains are recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

### h. Distributions

The Fund distributes its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unit holders.

### i. Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. As the Fund's units are classified as financial liabilities, movements in net assets attributable to unit holders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

### j. Foreign currency translation

#### i. Functional and presentation currency

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

#### ii. Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included within the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

### k. Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### l. Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest, dividends and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

### m. Payables

Payables include liabilities, accrued expenses owed by the Fund and any distributions declared which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

### n. Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

### o. Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed on to the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%. Hence, fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

### p. Use of estimates and judgements

The Fund makes estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Investment Manager.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations, require management to make estimates and judgements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

The Fund estimates the expected credit loss (ECL) using impairment model, which has not materially impacted the Fund. Please see Note 3 for more information on credit risk.

For more information on how fair value is calculated refer to Note 4 to the financial statements.

### q. Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

### r. Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.



### 3. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and the investment guidelines of the Fund. It also seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on long equity securities and unit trusts is limited to the fair value of those positions.

The investments of the Fund, and associated risks, are managed by a specialist Investment Manager, SG Hiscock & Company Limited ("SGH") under an Investment Management Agreement (IMA) approved by the Responsible Entity, and containing the investment strategy and guidelines of the Fund, consistent with those stated in the Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

#### a. Market risk

##### i. Price risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk on equity securities listed or quoted on recognised securities exchanges. Price risk arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates which are considered a component of price risk.

SGH seeks to mitigate price risk to the Fund by ensuring that the Fund is managed in line with its IMA including a restriction on the maximum holding as a percentage of the overall Fund of any single security which is 15%. In addition, the Fund may invest in no less than 15 securities. SGH monitors the portfolio on a daily basis to ensure compliance with IMA requirements.

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the investment portfolio in which the Fund invests moves by +/-10% (2019: +/-10%).

##### ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Fund operates internationally and holds both monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk. However, the Investment Manager monitors the exposure of all foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

The table below summarises the fair value of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, which are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

	<b>New Zealand Dollars A\$'000</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	534
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-
<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>534</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	547
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	20,289
<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>20,836</b>

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's monetary assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the Australian dollar weakened and strengthened by 10% (2019: 10%) against the material foreign currencies to which the Fund is exposed.

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

#### iii. Interest rate risk

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

Any excess cash and cash equivalents are invested at short term market interest rates.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period.

	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	68,624	-	-	68,624
Receivables	-	-	1,204	1,204
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	507,177	507,177
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>68,624</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>508,381</b>	<b>577,005</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Distributions payable	-	-	1,392	1,392
Payables	-	-	1,881	1,881
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	-	-	-
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,273</b>	<b>3,273</b>
<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>68,624</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>505,108</b>	<b>573,732</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	102,253	-	-	102,253
Receivables	-	-	1,402	1,402
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	-	2,956	2,956
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	596,806	596,806
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>102,253</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>601,164</b>	<b>703,417</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Distributions payable	-	-	43,591	43,591
Payables	-	-	755	755
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	-	2,767	2,767
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>47,113</b>	<b>47,113</b>
<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>102,253</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>554,051</b>	<b>656,304</b>

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

#### b. Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and the historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unit holders					
	Price risk		Foreign exchange risk		Interest rate risk	
	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%	-100bps	+100bps
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2020	(50,718)	50,718	(53)	53	(686)	686
As at 30 June 2019	(59,681)	59,681	(2,084)	2,084	(1,023)	1,023

#### c. Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The Fund does not have a significant concentration of credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty or group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from brokers balances. None of these assets are impaired nor past their due date. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from brokers.

#### d. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

Exposure to liquidity risk for the Fund may arise from the requirement to meet daily unit holder redemption requests or to fund foreign exchange related cash flow requirements.

Liquidity risk is managed by investing the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2020 and 2019.

#### i. Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

All non-derivative financial liabilities of the Fund in the current period have maturities of less than 1 month.

#### 4. Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 6)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

##### a. Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as listed equity securities and unit trusts) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price; the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

##### b. Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

##### c. Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2020.

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Equity securities	456,423	-	-	456,423
Unit trusts	50,754	-	-	50,754
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>507,177</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>507,177</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Equity securities	533,180	14,522	-	547,702
Unit trusts	49,104	-	-	49,104
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>582,284</b>	<b>14,522</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>596,806</b>

#### 4. Fair value measurement (continued)

##### d. Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The following table presents the transfers between levels for the year ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>			
Transfers between level 2 and level 1 Equity securities	-	-	-
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>			
Transfers between level 2 and level 1 Equity securities	(14,522)	14,522	-

##### e. Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying value of receivables and payables are to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Net assets attributable to unit holders' carrying value differ from its fair value (deemed to be redemption price for individual units) due to differences in valuation inputs. This difference is not material in the current or prior year.

#### 5. Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(25,197)	38,644
Net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	15,171	(52,046)
<b>Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>(10,026)</b>	<b>(13,402)</b>

#### 6. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Equity securities	456,423	547,702
Unit trusts	50,754	49,104
<b>Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>507,177</b>	<b>596,806</b>

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

## 7. Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2020 Units '000	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 Units '000	30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Class A</b>				
<b>Opening balance</b>	273,074	538,749	271,428	581,019
Applications	41,711	82,961	61,901	129,106
Redemptions	(78,541)	(153,241)	(61,098)	(126,485)
Reinvestment of distributions	937	1,866	843	1,759
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	-	(11,378)	-	(46,650)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>237,181</b>	<b>458,957</b>	<b>273,074</b>	<b>538,749</b>
<b>Class B</b>				
<b>Opening balance</b>	12,862	26,708	12,862	28,157
Applications	-	-	-	-
Redemptions	-	-	-	-
Reinvestment of distributions	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	-	(485)	-	(1,449)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>12,862</b>	<b>26,223</b>	<b>12,862</b>	<b>26,708</b>
<b>Class SGH ICE Professional Investor Fund</b>				
<b>Opening balance</b>	46,049	90,847	58,752	122,750
Applications	1,261	2,413	2,989	6,049
Redemptions	(3,940)	(8,116)	(17,875)	(36,743)
Reinvestment of distributions	2,394	4,769	2,182	4,554
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	-	(1,361)	-	(5,763)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>45,764</b>	<b>88,552</b>	<b>46,049</b>	<b>90,847</b>
<b>Closing balance</b>		<b>573,732</b>		<b>656,304</b>

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets of the Fund.

There are three separate classes of units. Each unit within the same class has the same rights as all other units within that class. Each unit class has a different management fee rate.

Both Classes D and Professional Investor Fund have the same performance fee rate. Class B has no performance fee rate.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

### Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unit holders as capital, notwithstanding that net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders.

## 8. Distributions to unit holders

The distributions declared during the year were as follows:

	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2020 CPU	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU
<b>Distributions - Class A</b>				
December	3,234	1.29	6,311	2.23
June (payable)	1,116	0.47	35,856	13.13
<b>Total distributions</b>	<b>4,350</b>	<b>1.76</b>	<b>42,167</b>	<b>15.36</b>
<b>Distributions - Class B</b>				
December	603	1.29	1,371	2.23
June (payable)	215	0.47	6,046	13.13
<b>Total distributions</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>1.76</b>	<b>7,417</b>	<b>15.36</b>
<b>Distributions - Class SGH ICE Professional Investor Fund</b>				
December	166	1.29	287	2.23
June (payable)	61	0.47	1,689	13.13
<b>Total distributions</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>1.76</b>	<b>1,976</b>	<b>15.36</b>
<b>Total distributions</b>	<b>5,395</b>		<b>51,560</b>	

## 9. Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Cash at bank	68,624	102,253
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>68,624</b>	<b>102,253</b>

## 10. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

### a. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	(13,224)	(53,862)
Distributions to unit holders	5,395	51,560
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	588,934	404,475
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(509,142)	(404,645)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	10,026	13,402
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	13	(4)
Net change in receivables	198	571
Net change in payables	1,126	8
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<b>83,326</b>	<b>11,505</b>

### b. Non-cash operating and financing activities

The following distribution payments to unit holders were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	6,635	6,313
<b>Total non-cash operating and financing activities</b>	<b>6,635</b>	<b>6,313</b>

As described in Note 2(i), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. The change in this amount for the year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

### 11. Receivables

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest receivable	6	85
Dividends and distributions receivable	1,103	1,054
GST receivable	95	263
<b>Total receivables</b>	<b>1,204</b>	<b>1,402</b>

### 12. Payables

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Management costs payable	1,881	755
<b>Total payables</b>	<b>1,881</b>	<b>755</b>

### 13. Remuneration of auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
<b>Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu</b>		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit and review of financial statements	15,980	15,760
Audit of compliance plan	5,000	3,890
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	<b>20,980</b>	<b>19,650</b>
<i>Taxation services</i>		
Tax compliance services	7,078	6,980
Total remuneration for taxation services	<b>7,078</b>	<b>6,980</b>
<b>Total remuneration of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu</b>	<b>28,058</b>	<b>26,630</b>

The auditor's remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.



#### 14. Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity of SGH ICE is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to Equity Trustees Limited are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services to SG Hiscock & Company Limited to act as Investment Manager for the Fund, State Street Australia Limited to act as Custodian and Mainstream Fund Services Pty Ltd to act as Administrator for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

##### a. Key management personnel

###### i. Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Equity Trustees Limited at any time during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Ian C Westley	(resigned 3 July 2020)
Michael J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 September 2020)

###### ii. Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

##### b. Transactions with key management personnel

There were no transactions with key management personnel during the reporting period.

##### c. Key management personnel unit holdings

Key management personnel held units in the Fund, as follows:

Unit holder	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>							
Fang Superannuation Fund	18,075	18,075	35,040	0.01%	-	-	318
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>							
Fang Superannuation Fund	18,075	18,075	38,127	0.01%	-	-	2,776

##### d. Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by EQT Services Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Equity Trustees Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

##### e. Key management personnel loans

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

##### f. Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving management personnel's interests existing at year end.

#### 14. Related party transactions (continued)

##### g. Responsible Entity fees, Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement for the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager are entitled to receive management fees.

The transactions during the year and amounts payable as at year end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
	\$	\$
Management fees for the year	6,410,586	7,629,783
Responsible Entity fees for the year	340,968	404,124
Management fees payable at year end	1,784,676	541,572
Responsible Entity fees payable at year end	50,885	98,708

For information on how management fees are calculated please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

##### h. Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Equity Trustees Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Equity Trustees Limited and the Investment Manager) hold units in the Fund, as follows:

Unit holder	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>							
EQT Growth Fund	12,862,605	12,862,605	26,363,196	4.60%	-	-	226,573
SG Hiscock & Company Limited	302,450	302,450	588,386	0.10%	-	-	5,328
Stonehose Core Value Portfolio	3,356,007	2,678,924	5,211,579	0.91%	242,772	(919,856)	55,569
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>							
EQT Growth Fund	12,862,605	12,862,605	26,778,658	4.08%	-	-	1,975,512
SG Hiscock & Company Limited	524,394	302,450	598,276	0.09%	-	(221,944)	51,397
DMG Diversified Portfolio	3,732,086	-	-	0.00%	218,293	(3,950,379)	87,000
Stonehose Core Value Portfolio	3,277,692	3,356,007	6,638,517	1.01%	313,820	(235,505)	519,760
LDI Connect 7 Portfolio	2,050,459	-	-	0.00%	119,934	(2,170,393)	47,799
LDI Connect 20 Portfolio	776,591	-	-	0.00%	45,424	(822,015)	18,103

##### i. Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Equity Trustees Limited or its related parties during the year (2019: nil).

**15. Events occurring after the reporting period**

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

**16. Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments**

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

**Directors' declaration**

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- a. The financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 26 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - i. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - ii. giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- b. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- c. Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
10 September 2020

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Unit Holders of SGH ICE

### *Opinion*

We have audited the financial report of SGH ICE (the "Fund") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

### *Basis for Opinion*

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund (the "Directors"), would be in the same terms if given to Directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### *Other Information*

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If,

based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### *Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report*

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

# Deloitte.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

*Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu*

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Chester Hii  
Partner  
Chartered Accountants

Melbourne, 10 September 2020